GenAl and its impact on Higher Education



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Agenda

Introductions - 5 minutes

Basics - AI, LLMs and GenAI - 10 minutes

Use Cases for AI in Education - 15 minutes

- Policies and Procedures
- Educators
- Students

Hands-On Activities - 30 minutes

Breakout Sessions - 20 minutes

Q&A - 10 minutes

Introduction - What is AI anyway?!



Intelligent Machines

Broadly defined

Pattern Recognition

Learning general patterns from data

Neural Networks

Learning general patterns in **unstructured** data (i.e. images, text, audio, etc.)

Large Language Models

Learning to understand natural language (i.e. text)

Source: Stouffelbauer, 2023

IROBOT



Figure: Rodney Brooks, with his two robots, Sawyer and Baxter.*

<u>Rodney Brooks</u>, one of the most famous roboticists in the world, started his career as an academic, receiving his PhD from Stanford in 1981. Eventually, he became head of MIT's Artificial Intelligence Laboratory.

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The MNIST database (Modified National Institute of Standards and Technology database) is a large database of handwritten digits that is commonly used for training various image processing systems. The MNIST database contains 60,000 training images and 10,000 testing images. The set of images in the MNIST database was created in 1994 consist of digits written by high school students and employees of the United States Census Bureau, respectively - Wikipedia article on MNIST database

Attention is all you need: Discovering the Transformer paper

Detailed implementation of a Transformer model in Tensorflow



Eduardo Muñoz · Follow Published in Towards Data Science · 13 min read · Nov 2, 2020



...

Attention Is All You Need paper on Transformers, Vasvani et al. (2017)







ChatGPT Statistics | © Copyright

demandsage

What are LLMs and GenAI?

Language modeling

Imagine the following task: Predict the next word in a sequence

Can we frame this as a ML problem? Yes, it's a classification task.



Language modeling is learning to predict the next word.

Source: Stouffelbauer, 2023

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Now we have (say) ~50,000 classes (i.

Massive training data

We can create vast amounts of sequences for training a language model



We do the same with much **longer** sequences. For example:

A language model is a probability distribution over sequences of words. [...] Given any sequence of words, the model predicts the **next** ...

Or also with code:

```
def square(number):
"""Calculates the square of a number."""
return number ** 2
```

And as a result - the model becomes incredibly good at predicting the next word in any sequence.

Massive amounts of traning data can be created relatively easily.

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Natural language generation

After training: We can generate text by predicting one



WordProbabilityability0.002text0.084coherent0.085......ideas0.041

+

Output at step 2

Source: Stouffelbauer, 2023

word at a time



Transformer -> Context + Prediction

Now let's talk about what happens inside each transformer. The transformer has a two-step process for updating the hidden state for each word of the input passage:

- 1. In the attention step, words "look around" for other words that have relevant context and share information with one another.
- 2. In the feed-forward step, each word "thinks about" information gathered in previous attention steps and tries to predict the next word.

What does **Generative Pre-trained Transformer** (**GPT**) mean

Generative

Means "next word prediction."

As just described.

Pre-trained

The LLM is pretrained on massive amounts of text from the internet and other sources.

Transformer

The neural network architecture used (introduced in 2017).

Source: Stouffelbauer, 2023

Phases of training LLMs (GPT-3 & 4)

1. Pretraining

2. Instruction Fine-tuning

Massive amounts of data from the internet + books + etc.

Question: What is the problem with that?

Answer: We get a model that can babble on about anything, but it's probably not **aligned** with what we want it to do. Teaching the model to respond to instructions.

Model learns to respond to instructions.

→ Helps alignment

"Alignment" is a hugely important research topic

3. Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback

+

Similar purpose to instruction tuning.

Helps produce output that is closer to what humans want or like.

Source: Stouffelbauer, 2023

RLHF - Reinforcement Learning with Human Feedback

Prompts Dataset Reward (Preference) Model .θ eX. Train on {sample, reward} pairs Sample many prompts **Outputs are ranked** (relative, ELO, etc.) Lorem ipsum dolor Initial Language Model sit amet, consected adipiscing elit. Aen Donec quam felis vulputate eget, arc Nam quam nunc eros faucibus tincio Human Scoring luctus pulvinar, hei Generated text

https://huggingface.co/blog/rlhf

Biases, Fake Content, Hallucinations etc.

- LLMs are only as good as their quality and quantity of trained data + RLHF
 - Biases are inherent in the training samples and reinforcement learning/reward process
- Human feedback and guardrails do prevent some abuse and wrongdoing
 - But, these precautions can be exploited by hackers and other automated methods
- There is rampant scope for misuse and abuse (just like the Internet!)
 - Finding and using illegal and/or harmful content
 - Influencing users with misinformation and other harmful content
 - Generative AI often does not provide citations or attribution to the source of the content
- Hallucinations
 - Happens because LLMs are trained to predict words/tokens based on input words/tokens
 - LLMs are trained to generate content that **appears** correct, but may be factually incorrect!
- Proprietary LLMs are very expensive to train, maintain and litigate!
 - Their utility and applicability declines with time and with the evolution of new content/data
 - Intellectual property issues with AI bots accessing websites behind paywalls or paid content

Use Cases of GenAI in Higher Ed

- Administrative Policies and Procedures
 - Students
 - Educators



Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI) has emerged as a powerful tool with great potential to revolutionize the field of education. It offers unique opportunities to enhance teaching, learning, and research. This site provides an overview of the responsible use of AI at the University of Hawai'i.

Demo

https:///www. uhonline.ha waii.e du/ai

Definitions

Background

Limitations & Concerns

Privacy & Security

Al can raise privacy concerns due to the fact that it collects and stores data. Some Al tools skirt data privacy violations with their data collection and use practices. Be cautious of sharing personal information when using Al tools. When interacting with generative AI (gAI) models, you should be cautious about **supplying sensitive information**, including personal, confidential or proprietary information or data. Al prompts and conversations belong to the Al tool and are used in their research and development.

For this reason, please:

- Do not include any PII (personal identifiable information) in your AI prompts
- · Do not include student work directly into an AI prompt
- · Do not include sensitive information in a AI prompt
- Do not add AI chatbots to attend, record, or summarize virtual meetings or class sessions.

How to Use AI Responsibly

Demo https://www.uho nline.hawaii.edu/ students-ai



Al Recommendations

Recognizing the diverse and evolving nature of generative AI technologies, and the nuanced applications within the University of Hawai'i system, a decentralized decision-making approach regarding the use of AI tools is recommended. This approach prioritizes instructor autonomy and allows individual faculty members to determine the appropriateness of incorporating AI tools into their teaching practices. UH will not prescribe a formal policy for the use of AI, rather the importance of empowering instructors to make informed decisions based on their pedagogical goals, subject matter, and student needs will be followed.

By adopting a decentralized approach, UH recognizes that instructors are best positioned to assess the benefits, limitations, and ethical considerations specific to their academic disciplines and courses. Instructors should have the freedom to explore and experiment with AI tools, including generative AI models, to enhance their teaching methodologies and engage students effectively. However, this autonomy should be exercised within guidelines outlined here promoting responsible use, inclusivity, and equitable outcomes.

Instructors are encouraged to reflect on the impact of AI tools on student learning outcomes, consider student feedback, and continuously refine their use of these tools based on evidence-based pedagogical practices. This iterative approach ensures that the benefits of generative AI technologies are maximized while addressing challenges and concerns.

Instructors should refrain from sharing or inputting student work into online AI tools, including AI detection tools, without obtaining student consent. Uploading student work has potential FERPA implications as well as potential copyright concerns. Additionally, the uploaded content could be used as data for training of the AI, without the student's consent.

Educate

Leverage Demo -Assess https://ww w.uhonlin e.hawaii.e Resources du/admini Please check out the UH Online Innovation Center website for AI related professional development opportunities. stration/ai Al Decision Tree Artificial Intelligence (AI) Resources for Teaching and Learning Artificial Intelligence (AI) Syllabi Icons and Sample Statements **Bloom's Taxonomy Revisited** UH Mānoa Office of the Vice Provost for Academic Excellence Guidance on Al







You

What is the impact of Generative AI on higher education



ChatGPT

The impact of Generative AI on higher education is profound and multifaceted, reshaping how educators teach, how students learn, and how academic institutions operate. Here are several key areas where Generative AI has made significant contributions:

Students

1. Personalized Learning Experiences

Generative AI enables more personalized and adaptive learning experiences for students. By analyzing individual learning patterns, preferences, and performance, AI-driven platforms can tailor content, suggest resources, and adjust difficulty levels in real time. This personalization helps meet students at their level, potentially improving understanding and retention.

2. Enhanced Accessibility of Information

Al tools can synthesize and summarize vast amounts of information, making it easier for students to access and understand complex topics. This can be particularly beneficial for research-intensive courses, where students can use Al to assist with literature reviews, data analysis, and even hypothesis generation.

Students

3. Innovative Educational Tools

Generative AI powers a range of innovative educational tools, from AI tutors that provide instant feedback to immersive simulations that offer hands-on learning experiences in virtual environments. These tools can complement traditional learning methods and provide students with additional ways to engage with the material.

4. Improved Writing and Research Skills

Al writing assistants can help students improve their writing skills by suggesting improvements in grammar, style, and coherence. Additionally, Al can assist in the research process by generating outlines, finding relevant sources, and even drafting sections of papers, allowing students to focus on critical thinking and analysis.

Students

6. Challenges to Academic Integrity

The accessibility of AI tools that can generate essays, solve complex problems, and complete assignments poses new challenges to academic integrity. Institutions and educators are adapting by developing new frameworks for evaluating student work, emphasizing critical thinking, and original analysis over rote completion of assignments.

7. Preparation for Future Careers

Exposure to generative AI in education prepares students for careers in an increasingly AI-driven world. Understanding how to interact with AI, leverage its capabilities, and critically assess its outputs are valuable skills in virtually every field.

8. Ethical and Societal Implications

Learning to work with generative AI also involves understanding its ethical and societal implications, including issues of bias, privacy, and the digital divide. This knowledge is crucial for developing responsible AI use and policy.

Educators

1. Personalized Learning

Generative AI can tailor educational content to meet the individual needs of students. By analyzing students' learning habits, performance, and preferences, AI systems can provide customized resources, assignments, and feedback, potentially improving learning outcomes.

2. Content Creation and Curriculum Development

Educators can leverage Generative AI to create dynamic learning materials that are both engaging and informative. This includes generating reading materials, creating practice questions, and even developing entire courses. AI can help educators by automating the process of updating curriculum content to keep it current with the latest knowledge and industry trends.

Educators

3. Assessment and Feedback

Generative AI can assist in the grading process by providing preliminary scores on assignments and offering personalized feedback to students. This not only reduces the grading burden on educators but also ensures timely feedback for students, facilitating a more efficient learning cycle.

4. Enhancing Research

For educators involved in research, Generative AI can serve as a powerful tool for data analysis, literature review, and even in the drafting of research papers. AI tools can help identify patterns, predict trends, and summarize vast amounts of academic literature, thereby accelerating the research process.

Educators

6. Academic Integrity and Ethical Considerations

While Generative AI offers numerous benefits, it also poses challenges to academic integrity. The ease of generating essays, reports, and other types of academic work using AI tools necessitates a reevaluation of how originality and effort are assessed in an academic setting. Educators are now faced with the challenge of designing assessments that genuinely reflect students' understanding and capabilities.

7. Professional Development and Lifelong Learning

Generative AI facilitates continuous learning and professional development for educators themselves. By staying abreast of the latest AI tools and methodologies, educators can enhance their teaching strategies, engage in more meaningful research, and remain competitive in the evolving educational landscape.

Hands-On Demos and Activities!

Theory of mind (ToM) - What will Sam think is in the bag?

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There is a bag filled with popcorn. There is no chocolate in the bag. Yet the label on the bag says "chocolate" and not "popcorn." Sam finds the bag. She had never seen the bag before. She cannot see what is inside the bag. She reads the label.

Unexpected Contents Tasks



\equiv Teachable Machine

New Project

▲ Open an existing project from Drive.

Cool Demo! Dpen an existing project from a file.



Image Project

Teach based on images, from files or your webcam.



Audio Project

Teach based on one-second-long sounds, from files or your microphone.



Pose Project

Teach based on images, from files or your webcam.



ChatGPT, Gemini and Claude are closed and proprietary LLMs.

HuggingFace is like the Kaggle of AI - repository of AI models that are open source and free.

https://huggingface.co/

EVALUATE: The AI community building the future.

The platform where the machine learning community collaborates on models, datasets, and applications.

Open Sources LLMs - Running Locally

Does not send any information to OpenAI!

Integrate local documents [with PII] along with your prompt to your local LLM...



Frontier Al in your hands

Developers -

Technology -

Business -

Open and portable generative AI for devs and businesses.

Ollama



Get up and running with large language models, locally.

Run <u>Llama 2, Code Llama</u>, and other models. Customize and create your own.

Meta

gemma

Gemma is a family of lightweight, state-of-the-art open models built by Google DeepMind.

Build the future of AI with Meta Llama 3

Now available with both 8B and 70B pretrained and instructiontuned versions to support a wide range of applications

Prompt Engineering (or, how to converse with AI)

- Know the model's strengths and weaknesses
 - Some models are tuned for programmers, others have older training cut-off dates
- Be as specific as possible
 - Example: "I am hosting 50 guests. Generate a recipe for 50 blueberry muffins."
- Utilize contextual prompts
 - Example: "Assume I am a skilled chef. Adopt a friendly tone and respond in a passive voice"
- Provide AI models with examples
 - Example: "Here are some recipes for blueberry muffins. Create a new recipe based on it"
- Experiment with prompts and personas
- Try chain-of-thought prompting
 - Break down a complex problem into smaller steps
 - Prompt the LLM to provide intermediate reasoning for each step

https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/application-development/five-best-practices-for-prompt-engineering 41

Recommended sequence of prompts



Accessing GPT-40 with ChatGPT

ChatGPT Free Tier

Users on the Free tier will be defaulted to GPT-40 with a limit on the number of messages they can send using GPT-40, which will vary based on current usage and demand. When unavailable, Free tier users will be switched back to GPT-3.5.

Free users also receive limited access to messages using advanced tools, such as:

- Data analysis
- File Uploads
- Browse
- Discovering and using GPTs
- Vision

GPT-40 has advanced vision capabilities, which increases accuracy in understanding images you share.

Prompt Engineering - Use Free ChatGPT 40...

1. Summarize existing content

Ex. Summarize the character of Casca in Julius Caesar in 150 words. Use active voice

2. Generate **new creative** content

Ex. Based on the novel Moby Dick, create a new story in 150 words using friendly tone Ex. Based on the novel Moby Dick, create a new image that is suitable for children Ex. Based on the novel Moby Dick, create a new video that is suitable for children

3. Generate programming code

Ex. Generate Python code, and test samples, that computes the volume of a sphere

Prompt Engineering - Use Free ChatGPT 4o for any/all below:

4. Data Analysis of an XL, csv or other file

Step 1 - Go to <u>https://www.hawaiihealthmatters.org/indexsuite/index/foodinsecurity</u> Step 2 - Select Location = Maui and then Download the CSV file Step 3 - Upload CSV file and use prompt - Review this file and summarize the food insecurity on Maui in 250 words for an expert user

- 5. Summarize and/or **explain** content from [Hawaiian] literature *Ex. Explain the lyrics from [Aloha Oe] in 250 words, to an expert in [Hawaiian] language*
- 6. Create a **new syllabus** for Fall 2024 based on an existing syllabus from Spring 2024 (use your own syllabus, ensure correct Fall dates)





Explore ~



Prompt Engineering Specialization

Become a Prompt Engineering Expert. Master prompt engineering patterns, techniques, and approaches to effectively leverage Generative AI

🛪 Taught in English | <u>21 languages available</u> | Some content may not be translated



Instructor: <u>Dr. Jules White</u> Top Instructor

Enroll for Free Starts Jun 19

Financial aid available

39,048 already enrolled

Specialization - 3 course series

Get in-depth knowledge of a subject

4.9 🗙 (1,217 reviews)

Beginner level Recommended experience (1)

1 month at 10 hours a week

Flexible schedule

Learn at your own pace

View all courses



ProfGPT Public

Virtual chabot for the ABIT BAS Program, University of Hawaii Maui College by Prof. Debasis Bhattacharya

Requires paid version of ChatGPT Plus to create and access! NOTE: All prompts and documents updated will be sent to Open Al URL: <u>https://chat.openai.com/g/g-PmtzyMnVQ-profgpt-public</u>



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Knowledge

If you upload files under Knowledge, conversations with your GPT may include file contents. Files can be downloaded when Code Interpreter is enabled



Topics for discussion

ChatGPT in the Classroom: How can ChatGPT be utilized to facilitate classroom discussions, answer student queries, and provide on-demand assistance?

Innovation and Pushing Boundaries: Brainstorm innovative projects that leverage ChatGPT to push the boundaries of traditional education. How can AI be harnessed to simulate real-world scenarios, encourage critical thinking, and foster interdisciplinary collaboration?

Writing Enhancement: Explore the possibilities of using ChatGPT to help students improve their writing skills across disciplines. Discuss strategies for incorporating AI-generated feedback while maintaining a focus on creativity and originality.

Ethical Considerations: Delve into the ethical implications of using AI in education. Examine issues related to bias, privacy, and the responsible use of AI technologies. How can we ensure that AI tools enhance learning while upholding academic integrity?

Personalized Learning: Explore the potential for ChatGPT to adapt to individual student learning styles and paces. Share ideas on creating customized learning experiences that cater to a diverse range of students with varying needs.

Breakout Sessions!

Al Policy Assessment Redesign Plagiarism/Copyright

Q&A!



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